

SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

**UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

with

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT



KPMG Al Fozan & Al Sadhan
Zahrani Business Centre, Tower A, 9th Floor
Prince Sultan Street
PO Box 55078
Jeddah 21534
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Telephone +966 12 686 9585
Fax +966 12 686 9494
Internet www.kpmg.com.sa

License No. 46/11/323 issued 11/3/1992

REVIEW REPORT ON THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Shareholders
Saudi Ground Services Company
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Scope of review

We have reviewed the accompanying interim balance sheet of Saudi Ground Services Company ("the Company") as at June 30, 2015, the related interim statements of income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, the interim statement of cash flows and changes in equity for the six-month period then ended and the attached condensed notes from 1 to 12 which form an integral part of these interim condensed financial statements. These interim condensed financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management and have been prepared by them and submitted to us together with all the information and explanations which we required. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed financial statements based on our review.

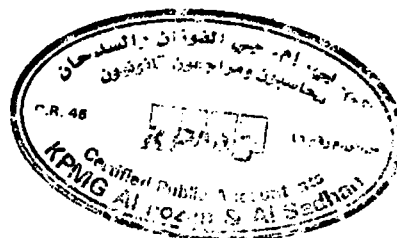
We conducted our review in accordance with the Auditing Standard on Review of Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA). A review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and information and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim condensed financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

For KPMG Al Fozan & Al Sadhan:

Ebrahim Oboud Baeshen
License No. 382



Ramadan 28, 1436H
Corresponding to July 15, 2015

SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

As at June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		497,704,983	411,255,899
Accounts receivable	4	909,242,219	718,358,210
Inventories		537,784	400,984
Prepayments and other current assets		258,120,430	130,765,370
Total current assets		1,665,605,416	1,260,780,463
Non-current assets:			
Investment in an equity accounted investee	5	76,690,540	—
Property and equipment		507,258,360	594,449,986
Intangible assets	6	960,043,184	1,011,785,736
Total non-current assets		1,543,992,084	1,606,235,722
Total assets		3,209,597,500	2,867,016,185
<u>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		49,635,224	65,761,907
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		243,392,736	207,809,875
Accrued Zakat		13,796,063	18,321,383
Total current liabilities		306,824,023	291,893,165
Non-current liabilities:			
Employees' end of service benefits		246,555,975	201,470,530
Total liabilities		553,379,998	493,363,695
<u>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</u>			
Share capital	7	1,880,000,000	1,880,000,000
Statutory reserve		267,518,125	204,514,076
Retained earnings		508,699,377	289,138,414
Total shareholders' equity		2,656,217,502	2,373,652,490
Total liabilities and equity		3,209,597,500	2,867,016,185

SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM STATEMENT OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)
For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015
Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>For the three- month period ended June 30, 2015</u>	<u>For the six- month period ended June 30, 2015</u>	<u>For the period from April 17, 2014 to June 30, 2014</u>
Revenue		610,800,960	1,233,331,998	500,100,025
Operating costs		<u>(386,560,306)</u>	<u>(852,949,594)</u>	<u>(301,654,936)</u>
Gross profit		224,240,654	380,382,404	198,445,089
General and administrative expenses		<u>(51,394,206)</u>	<u>(114,751,912)</u>	<u>(41,625,504)</u>
Share of profit from an equity accounted investee	5	<u>5,495,950</u>	<u>20,111,216</u>	<u>--</u>
Operating income		178,342,398	285,741,708	156,819,585
Other income / (expenses) – net		1,715,774	10,806,927	(385,581)
Finance charges		<u>(148,651)</u>	<u>(189,752)</u>	<u>(260,840)</u>
Income before Zakat		179,909,521	296,358,883	156,173,164
Zakat		<u>(5,625,000)</u>	<u>(11,250,000)</u>	<u>(4,625,000)</u>
Net income for the period		<u>174,284,521</u>	<u>285,108,883</u>	<u>151,548,164</u>
Earnings per share (Saudi Riyals):				
- Operating income	10	0.95	1.52	0.83
- Net income for the period	10	0.93	1.52	0.81

SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2015</u>	For the period from April 17, 2014 to June 30, <u>2014</u>
Cash flows from operating activities			
Income before Zakat		296,358,883	156,173,164
Adjustments for:			
Share of profit from an equity accounted investee	5	(20,111,216)	—
Depreciation		48,891,759	16,080,305
Amortization of intangible assets		25,871,275	10,635,967
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		26,899,474	11,192,313
Provision for doubtful debts		5,369,890	6,595,404
Loss / (gain) on disposal of property and equipment		18,844	(24,540)
		<u>382,498,109</u>	<u>200,652,613</u>
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Increase in accounts receivable		(196,396,716)	(25,783,112)
Decrease in inventories		408,145	1,630,248
Increase in prepayments and other current assets		(146,811,703)	(2,836,684)
Increase / (decrease) in accounts payable		18,929,413	(20,858,897)
Increase / (decrease) in accrued expenses and other current liabilities		<u>41,852,452</u>	<u>(27,322,359)</u>
Cash generated from operations		<u>100,479,700</u>	<u>125,481,809</u>
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(1,799,799)	(3,054,945)
Zakat paid		(21,435,869)	(13,086,607)
Net cash provided by operating activities		<u>77,244,032</u>	<u>109,340,257</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property and equipment		(14,297,617)	(49,446,670)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		1,325,558	86,046
Dividend received from an equity accounted investee	5	10,000,000	—
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(2,972,059)</u>	<u>(49,360,624)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of loan		—	(10,825,326)
Dividend paid		(95,986,800)	(95,986,800)
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(95,986,800)</u>	<u>(106,812,126)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		<u>(21,714,827)</u>	<u>(46,832,493)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		<u>519,419,810</u>	<u>458,088,392</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		<u>497,704,983</u>	<u>411,255,899</u>

The attached notes 1 to 12 form an integral part of these
Interim condensed financial statements.

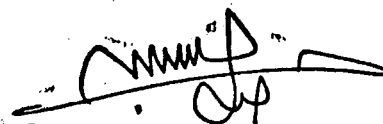
SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

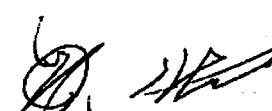
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Statutory reserve</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at January 1, 2015	1,880,000,000	239,007,237	365,569,049	2,484,576,286
Net income	--	--	285,108,883	285,108,883
Dividend	--	--	(113,467,667)	(113,467,667)
Transfer to statutory reserve	--	28,510,888	(28,510,888)	--
Balance at June 30, 2015	<u>1,880,000,000</u>	<u>267,518,125</u>	<u>508,699,377</u>	<u>2,656,217,502</u>
Balance at April 17, 2014	1,880,000,000	189,359,260	152,745,066	2,222,104,326
Net income	--	--	151,548,164	151,548,164
Transfer to statutory reserve	--	15,154,816	(15,154,816)	--
Balance at June 30, 2014	<u>1,880,000,000</u>	<u>204,514,076</u>	<u>289,138,414</u>	<u>2,373,652,490</u>



The attached notes 1 to 12 form an integral part of these
Interim condensed financial statements.



SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

1. ORGANIZATION AND PRINCIPLE ACTIVITIES

- 1.1 Saudi Ground Services Company ("the Company") was registered as a limited liability company in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under Commercial Registration number 4030181005 dated Rajab 11, 1429H, (corresponding to July 14, 2008). The Company was formed by Saudi Arabian Airlines Corporation ("Saudia"), a 100% Government owned entity, in 2008 to consolidate the ground support services business (GSS) in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
- 1.2 On February 7, 2010, Saudia signed a Shareholders' Agreement (the "Agreement" or the "Shareholders' Agreement") with Attar Ground Handling and Attar Travel (collectively referred as "Attar") and the shareholders of National Handling Services ("NHS") to acquire their ground handling businesses. As a result of this agreement, the Company acquired the Ground Supporting Services Division of Saudia, ground handling business of Attar and the 100% issued capital of NHS. NHS is in the process of being liquidated and accordingly not consolidated in these financial statements. The amended Articles of Association reflecting the above changes were approved by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry on Muharram 23, 1432H (December 29, 2010). The effective date of the above-mentioned acquisition and transfer was agreed between the shareholders as of January 1, 2011. The legal name "Saudi Airlines Ground Services Company" was changed to "Saudi Ground Services Company" under the same commercial registration number 4030181005 on Safar 20, 1432H, (corresponding to January 24, 2011).
- 1.3 The Company on Jamadul Thani 17, 1435H, corresponding to April 17, 2014, has converted from a limited liability to a closed joint stock company pursuant to Ministerial resolution number 171/R on Jumadul Thani 17, 1435H, corresponding to April 17, 2014.
- 1.4 As decided by the shareholders of the Company, the Company offered 56.4 million shares, with a nominal value of SR 10 each, representing 30% share capital of the Company, to public during subscription period from June 3, 2015 (corresponding to Shabaan 15, 1436H) to June 9, 2015 (corresponding to Shabaan 21, 1436H) after obtaining required approval from the Capital Market Authority. The Company's shares started trading on the Saudi Stock Exchange (Tadawul) on June 25, 2015, corresponding to Ramadan 8, 1436H.
- 1.5 Accordingly, after successful completion of IPO (Initial Public Offering) process, the Company was declared a Saudi Joint Stock Company with a share capital of SR 1,880 million (divided into 188 million shares of SR 10 each). The legal formalities for the revision of the Bylaws of the Company have been completed during the six-month period ended June 30, 2015.
- 1.6 The Company is engaged in providing aircraft cleaning, passenger handling, baggage and ground handling services to Saudi Arabian Airlines, other local and foreign airlines at all airports in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
- 1.7 The Company's registered office is located at the following address:

Saudi Ground Services Company
Khalidiyah District, Saudia City
P. O. Box 48154
Jeddah 21572
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.



SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The accompanying interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Saudi Accounting Standard for interim financial information issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA). These interim condensed financial statements do not contain all information and disclosures required for full financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the period from April 17, 2014 to December 31, 2014.

The interim statement of income in these interim condensed financial statements include comparative information which cover period from April 17, 2014 (date of ministerial approval of the Company's conversion from limited liability company to a closed joint stock company) to June 30, 2014.

(b) Basis of measurement

These interim condensed financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, using the accrual basis of accounting and the going concern concept.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These interim condensed financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyals (SR) which is the functional currency of the Company.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of interim condensed financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant areas requiring management judgement and estimates are as follows:



SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

(d) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

i) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit (CGU) fair value less cost to sell, and its value in use, and is determined for the individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows which are largely independent to those from other assets or groups. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining the fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate source is used, such as observable market prices or, if no observable market prices exist, estimated prices for similar assets or if no estimated prices for similar assets prevail, or it is based on discounted future cash flow calculations.

Impairment for goodwill is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit (or group of cash generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than their carrying amount an impairment loss is recognized. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods for subsequent increases in its recoverable amount in future periods.

ii) Provision for doubtful debts

A provision for impairment of accounts receivable is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the account receivable is impaired. For significant individual amounts, assessment is made on an individual basis. Amounts which are not individually significant, but are overdue, are assessed collectively and a provision is recognized considering the length of time considering past recovery rates.

iii) Provision for slow moving inventory items

The Company makes a provision for slow moving inventory items. Estimates of net realizable value of inventories are based on the most reliable evidence at the time the estimates are made. These estimates take into consideration fluctuations of price or cost directly related to events occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the end of period.

iv) Useful lives of property and equipment

The management determines the estimated useful lives of property and equipment for calculating depreciation. These estimates are determined after considering expected usage of the assets and physical wear and tear. Management reviews the residual value and useful lives annually and future depreciation charges are adjusted where management believes the useful lives differ from previous estimates.



SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the interim condensed financial statements:

(a) Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent comprise cash on hand, cash with banks and other short-term bank deposits with banks with an original maturity of three months or less.

(b) Account receivables

Account receivables are carried at original invoice amount less allowance for any uncollected amounts. A provision for doubtful debts is established when there is a significant doubt that the Company will be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of agreement. Bad debts are written-off as incurred.

(c) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost (determined principally by the weighted average method) and net realisable value. Stores and spares are valued at cost, less any provision for slow-moving items.

(d) Investments in an equity accounted investee

The Company's investment in equity accounted investee represents investment in an entity over whose activities the Company has joint control, established by contractual arrangements and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions. Investment in equity accounted investee is accounted for using the equity method of accounting together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the investor's net investment in the equity accounted investee. Under the equity method, the investment in the equity accounted investee is carried in the balance sheet at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Company's share of net assets of the equity accounted investee less impairment loss, if any. When the Company's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of Company's investment is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of an equity accounted investee.

(e) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Land is not depreciated. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of asset. Finance cost on borrowings to finance the construction of the asset is capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use.



SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Property and equipment (continued)

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the item of property and equipment. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs that do not materially extend the asset's life are included in expenses for the period. Depreciation is charged to the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of assets as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Leasehold improvements	5-10
Airport equipment	7-10
Motor vehicles	5
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4-10
Computer equipment and softwares	4

(f) Business combination

Business combinations (except for entities under common control) are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instrument issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, and includes costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at fair values at the date of acquisition.

The excess of the cost of the business combination over the Company's share in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is classified as goodwill.

If the cost of the acquired investment is less than its fair value as of the acquisition date, such difference is adjusted by reducing the fair values of the non-current assets of the acquired investee in proportion to their book values.

(g) Business combination under common control

Business combinations including entities or business under common control are accounted for using book value accounting and measured at book value. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognised at the carrying amounts as transferred from the parent company's books of accounts. The components of equity of the acquired entities are added to the same components within the Company equity and any gain / (loss) arising is recognised directly in equity.



SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Intangible assets

i) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess cost of investments over the fair value of the net assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and is carried at cost net of accumulated impairment losses. Gains or losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company's cash generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to these units.

ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets represents the customer contracts and customer relationships.

Customer contracts refer to existing contracts that the Company has with its customers that are ongoing in nature and have expiration dates after the balance sheet date. Customer contract are amortized using the straight-line method over the related estimated economic lives not exceeding five years.

Customer relationships represents intangible asset arising from the fact that the Company has established relationship with various customers over the years and that this relationship is the factor in the renewal of contracts and customer retentions. Customer relationships are amortized using the straight-line method over the related estimated economic lives not exceeding twenty years.

(i) Impairment of assets

Financial assets, property and equipment and other non-current assets are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss, if any, is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

(j) Zakat

Zakat is provided in accordance with the regulations of Saudi Arabian Department of Zakat and Income Tax (DZIT). The provision is charged to the statement of income.



SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has an obligation (legal or constructive) arising from a past event, and the costs to settle the obligation are both probable and can be measured reliably.

(l) Leases

Lease arrangements that transfer to the Company substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the leased item are recognised as finance lease. Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership are classified as operating leases.

Assets purchased under finance lease are recorded at the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease and are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. Finance costs are charged to the statement of income using the effective interest method. The liability at the balance sheet date is stated net of future finance charges.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(m) Employees' end of service benefits

Employees' end of service benefits, calculated in accordance with labour regulations of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, are accrued and charged to statement of income.

(n) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent of the following recognition requirements:

- it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company;
- it can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made; and
- the cost incurred to date and expected future costs are identifiable and can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or the contractually defined terms of payment. The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before the revenue is recognized.

Revenue from airport operations is recognised in the period in which services have been rendered.



SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(o) Income from bank deposits

Income from short-term deposits with banks is recognised on an accrual basis.

(p) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expense is not offset in the statement of income unless required or permitted by generally accepted accounting principles in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

(q) Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currencies of the Company at the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated to the functional currencies of the Company at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in the statement of income. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of initial recognition.

(r) Cost of revenue

Cost of revenue incurred during the period in relation to the activities performed to generate revenue for the year are charged to the statement of income.

(s) Expenses

Due to the nature of the company's business all indirect expenses incurred are considered to be general and administration expenses and are classified as such.

(t) Segment reporting

A business segment is a Company of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in producing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments. The Company is principally involved in providing ground handling services to airlines in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Accordingly, the management believes that, the Company's business activity falls within a single business segment which are subject to same risks and returns.



SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable comprise the following:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Related parties (Note 8 (a))	655,355,489	480,856,795
Other customers	324,820,280	303,142,636
Total	980,175,769	783,999,431
Less: provision for doubtful debts	(70,933,550)	(65,641,221)
	<u>909,242,219</u>	<u>718,358,210</u>

5. INVESTMENT IN AN EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTEE

a) Investment in an equity accounted investee at June 30 comprise the following:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Country of incorporation</u>	<u>Effective ownership interest (%)</u>		<u>Carrying value</u>	
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Saudi Amad Airport Services Company	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	50%	--	<u>76,690,540</u>	--

b) Movement summary on equity accounted investee is as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Balance as at January 1, 2015	66,579,324	--
Share of profit from an equity accounted investee	20,111,216	--
Dividend received from an equity accounted investee	(10,000,000)	--
Balance as at June 30, 2015	<u>76,690,540</u>	--

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets comprise the following:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Goodwill	<u>582,815,659</u>	<u>582,815,659</u>
Customer contracts	14,159,400	42,478,200
Customer relationships	363,068,125	386,491,877
Other intangible assets	<u>377,227,525</u>	<u>428,970,077</u>
	<u>960,043,184</u>	<u>1,011,785,736</u>

SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

The management reviews goodwill for impairment annually for the purpose of impairment testing. Goodwill has been allocated to the Company (i.e. Company as a single cash generating unit). The recoverable amount of the cash generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculated using cash flow projection based on financial budgets approved by the Board of Directors. The last impairment study was conducted by an independent firm on November 30, 2014.

7. SHARE CAPITAL

The authorized, issued and paid up share capital of the Company as at June 30, 2015, comprise share capital of SR 1,880,000,000 consist of 188,000,000 shares of SR 10 each (June 30, 2014: SR 1,880,000,000 consist of 188,000,000 shares of SR 10 each).

8. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Related party transactions are undertaken at mutually agreed terms and are approved by the management. Significant related party transactions for the year ended June 30 and balance arising therefrom are described as under:

(a) Due from related parties - under accounts receivable:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Relationship</u>	<u>Nature of transactions</u>	<u>Amount of transactions</u>		<u>Closing balance</u>	
			<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Saudi Arabian Airlines Corporation	Parent Company	Services provided	617,043,874	618,143,403	538,754,407	428,599,347
Saudi Airlines – Cargo Company Limited (SACC)	Affiliate	Services provided	12,425,507	13,779,082	18,323,443	9,571,621
Saudi Aerospace Engineering Industries	Affiliate	Services provided	61,260	108,060	41,483,395	—
Saudi Airlines Catering	Affiliate	Services provided	54,519	101,403	282,867	101,403
Saudi Private Aviation	Affiliate	Services provided	14,353,689	12,452,963	32,435,643	39,210,425
Royal Fleet Services	Affiliate	Services provided	3,909,082	3,501,720	24,075,734	3,373,999
					<u>655,355,489</u>	<u>480,856,795</u>

SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

(b) Due to related parties - under accounts payables:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Relationship</u>	<u>Nature of transactions</u>	<u>Amount of transactions</u>		<u>Closing balance</u>	
			<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Saudi Arabian Airlines Corporation	Parent Company	Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company	8,271,770	42,857,844	5,803,240	3,127,848
Saudi Airlines Catering	Affiliate	Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company	16,854,780	20,567,680	707,621	66,364
Saudia Aerospace Engineering Industries	Affiliate	Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company	40,048,786	45,609,340	34,012,524	20,908,722
Saudia Airlines Cargo Limited (SACC)	Affiliate	Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company	25,762	87,994	1,423,265	1,359,324
Saudi Airlines Real Estate Developers	Affiliate	Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company	—	8,417,248	—	7,118,585
					<u>41,946,650</u>	<u>32,580,843</u>

9. RESULT INDICATOR

The Company makes all significant adjustments required to present fairly in all material respects the interim financial position and results of operations at each reporting date. However, the results of operations for the six-month period may still not represent an accurate indicator of the actual results for the full year due to seasonal volatility in business.

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share on profit from operations are calculated by dividing the profit from operations by the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares of the Company during the period.

Earnings per share on profit from net income attributable to shareholders of the Company are calculated by dividing the net income by the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares of the Company during the period.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is not applicable to the Company.

SAUDI GROUND SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

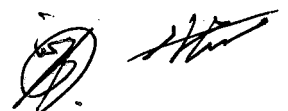
Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The Company's bank has provided, in the normal course of business, bank guarantees amounting to SR 14.75 million (June 30, 2014: SR 10.24 million) to the Ministry of Finance and National Economy, Saudi Airlines, IATA and General Authority of Civil Aviation ("GACA"), in respect of Haj visa, tickets, airline ticket sales and rentals, respectively. The Company's bank has marked bank balances in the same amount as lien against these guarantees.

12. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' APPROVAL

The interim condensed financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on Ramadan 28, 1436H, corresponding to July 15, 2015.

A handwritten signature in black ink is visible on the right side of the page, next to a circular stamp that appears to contain the number '57'.